

Space Exploration

Rob Waring



Summary

This book is about how space travel and exploration has developed since the 1950s to the present time.

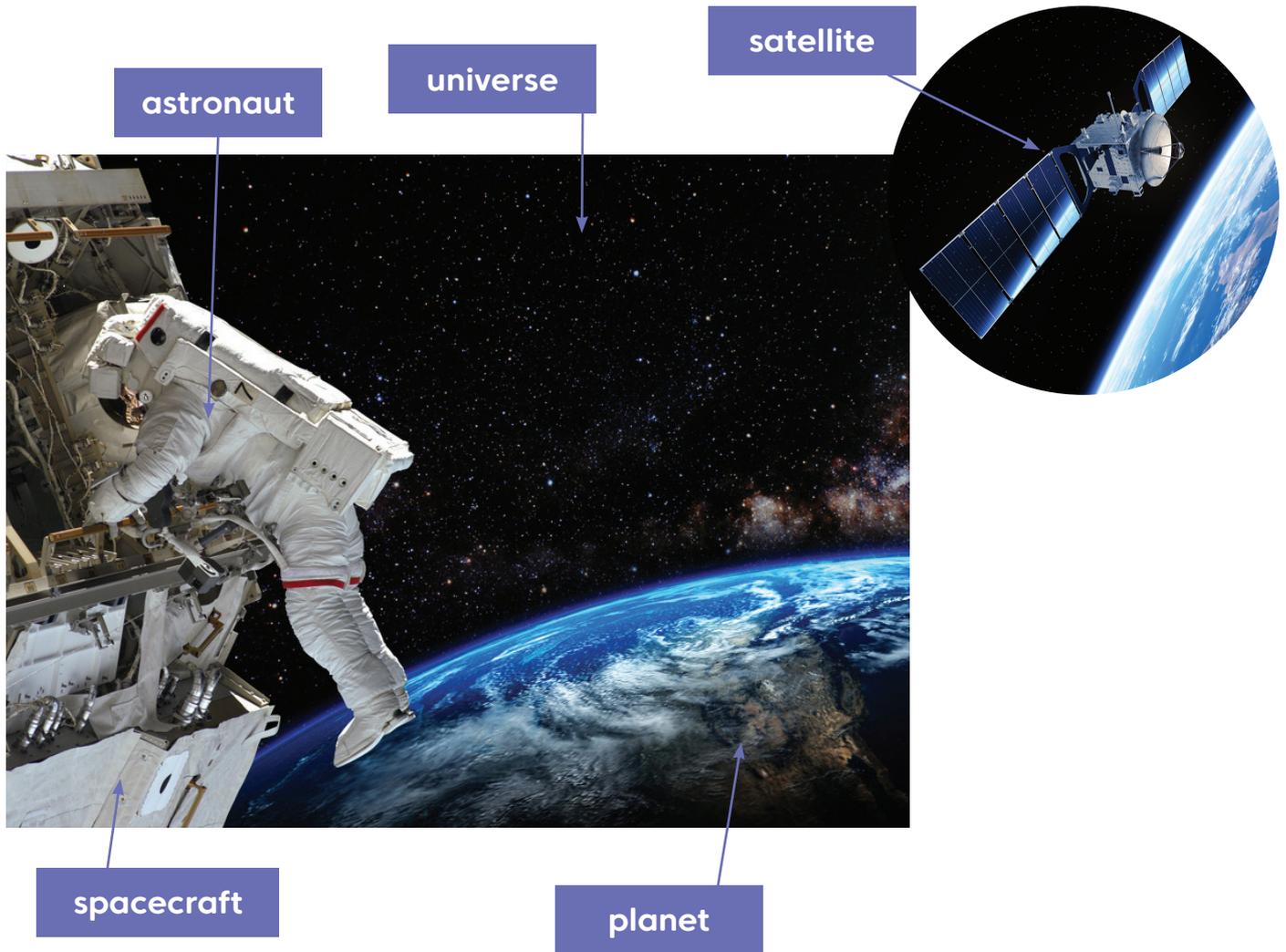
Contents

Before Reading	Think Ahead	2
	Vocabulary	3
During Reading	Comprehension	5
After Reading	Think About It	8

Before Reading

Think Ahead

Look at the picture and answer the questions.



1. What kind of people travel in space? _____

2. What large, round objects, such as Earth, can we see in space? _____

3. How do astronauts travel into space? _____

4. What pieces of equipment are floating in the universe? _____

Vocabulary

A Read and match.

1.



•

• a. rocket

2.



•

• b. illness

3.



•

• c. fleet

4.



•

• d. research laboratory

5.



•

• e. prize

6.



•

• f. reusable

7.



•

• g. space probe

8.



•

• h. flight

B Write the word for each definition.

universe

leap

program

develop

mission

1. _____ a plan or system of things with a particular purpose
2. _____ a big jump
3. _____ to improve and become better
4. _____ all of space and everything in it including stars, planets, and galaxies
5. _____ an important job, usually traveling somewhere

C Choose the word that means about the same as the underlined words.

1. The 1960s was the ten years during which America would work towards sending men to the moon.
 - a. illness
 - b. decade
 - c. leap
 - d. develop
2. Since the Hubble Space Telescope was sent into the sky, it has discovered many amazing things about the universe.
 - a. program
 - b. prize
 - c. launched
 - d. technology
3. Over the years, there have been hundreds of attempts to look for new things in space, the planets, and the solar system.
 - a. fleet
 - b. explore
 - c. rocket
 - d. universe
4. Many private companies now build rockets, satellites, and other technologies that are used more than once.
 - a. mission
 - b. planet
 - c. reusable
 - d. spacecraft

Comprehension

A Match the pictures with the correct sentences.

- a. Remote landing vehicles are used to explore space.
- b. Space shuttles can carry things into orbit and land back on Earth.
- c. Neil Armstrong set foot on the moon on July 20th, 1969.



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____

B Choose the best answer.

1. Why did both America and the Soviet Union want to be the first into space?
 - a. To put a man on the moon
 - b. To show off their technologies and power
 - c. To create research laboratories
 - d. To develop long-range rockets

2. Who was the first man to go into space in 1961?
 - a. Neil Armstrong
 - b. John Glenn
 - c. John F. Kennedy
 - d. Yuri Gagarin

3. How many countries are involved in the International Space Station (ISS) project?
 - a. Sixteen
 - b. Six
 - c. Sixty
 - d. Six hundred

C Choose the correct phrase for each picture. One (1) choice will not be used.

- a. SpaceShipOne—the first private spacecraft
- b. A footprint on the moon
- c. What living on Mars might look like
- d. The Hubble Space Telescope in orbit
- e. An illustration of a Chinese rocket



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____



4. _____

D Read each sentence. Write “T” if it is true or “F” if it is false.

1. _____ The Germans used long-range rockets during WWII.
2. _____ During the 1950s and 1960s, the two world superpowers were America and China.
3. _____ The first satellite that went into space in 1957 was called Sputnik 1.
4. _____ John Glenn was the first American to go into space in 1962.
5. _____ The International Space Station (ISS) is a research lab manned by up to ten people at one time.

E Complete the sentences with the correct words.

1. At one time, _____ were not powerful enough to leave our planet and go into orbit. **fleets rockets**
2. There were three _____ to Skylab, a research laboratory, before it crashed back to Earth in 1979. **satellites missions**
3. Many governments now ask private companies to develop _____ for space flight. **technologies planets**
4. SpaceShipOne won a _____ for the first private spacecraft to fly into orbit two times in two weeks. **prize leap**
5. Everyone on Earth may die some day from a(n) _____ or a huge asteroid hitting the planet. **launch illness**

F Number the events in order from 1=first to 5=last.

- a. _____ Yuri Gagarin was the first man to go into space.
- b. _____ The Americans began the space shuttle era.
- c. _____ The Americans put their own satellite, Explorer 1, into space.
- d. _____ Neil Armstrong was the first man to set foot on the moon.
- e. _____ The Soviet Union put the first satellite, Sputnik 1, into space.

Think About It

A Look in the reader to write the answers to the following 5-W questions.

Who?	What?	When?	Where?	Why?
Two world superpowers wanted to be first into space: The Soviet Union (modern-day Russia) and the United States of _____.	The two countries wanted to be first into space, so they could show off their _____ and power.	The Soviet Union put the first _____ into space in 1957, and America followed in 1958.	The Soviets and the Americans sent satellites into _____, followed by men. Yuri Gagarin was the first man to go into space in 1961.	Space _____ is important because much of our modern-day technology comes from research done to help the space programs. It also helps people find out more about where we came from and why we are here.

B Complete the sentences below with your own ideas.

From this book, I learned _____

Before I read this book, I knew _____

Now I also know _____
